

# SNBP International & Senior Secondary School, Chikhali, Pune.

Affiliation No. 1130703 Academic session 2024-25 REVISION WORKSHEET (TERM 2)



**GRADE-VI** SUBJECT: SST I. Fill in the blanks:-1. Shikhara is usually constructed over the top of ...... 2. Bhagvada Gita is a part of ..... 3. The older form of Buddhism was known as ..... 5. Stamped red-glazed pottery was known as .....ware. 6. People who own homes have to pay a ..... 7. The people of Pudupet village earn their living by...... II. State whether these sentences are true (T) or false (F). 1. Stories from the Jatakas were often shown on the railings of stupas and in paintings at places such as Ajanta. 2. The rulers of dakshinapatha surrendered to Samudragupta after being defeated and were never allowed to rule again. 3. Zero was invented in Arab. 4. The path laid around the stupa known as Pradakshina Path. 5. Property taxes form only 25-30 per cent of the money that a Municipal Corporation earns. 6. Sekar takes loan from Thulasi and buys seeds and fertilizers. III. Multiple choice questions:-(i) Who wrote the Aryabhatiyam-(b) Valmiki (c) Aryabhata (d)Banabhatta (a) Vyas (ii) Which are two Tamil epics-(a) Sangam and Manimeka (b) Cilappatikaram and Manimekalai (d) None of these (c) Sangam and Manimekalai (iii) What is the pradakshina path? (a) Place in temples where people could assemble (b) Mound (c) Circular path around the stupa (d) Place where the image of the deity is installed (iv) are grand, long compositions, about heroic men and women, and include stories about gods. (a) Vedas (b) Books (c) Inscriptions (d) Epics (V) Which was the capital of Kosala? (a) Hastinapur (b) Ayodhya (c) Kanpur (d) Delhi (vi) The Satavahanas became an important dynasty in \_\_\_\_ (a) Northern India (b) Eastern India (c) Southern India (d) Western India

(vii) Harsha's brother-in-law was the ruler of								
(a) Kanauj	(b) Patliputra	(c) Ujjain	(d) Prayaga.					
(ix) The authority that issues a licence to the permanent shops is the (a) Municipal corporation (b) Electricity department (c) Home Ministry (d) None of these								
(x)Workers who are (a) Handsome sa	e employed on casual ba lary (b) Poor sa		(c) Medical leave	(d) Both (a) and (b).				

#### IV. Match the columns-

A B

i. Aryabhatta (a) Meghdutta

ii. Kalidasiii. Vyasaiv. Valmiki(b) Sanskrit Ramayana(c) Ariyabhatiyam(d) Mahabharata

## V. Answer the following questions:-

- 1. Describe in brief about the Iron Pillar at Mehrauli.
- 2. What were ring wells?
- 3. Name the four different kinds of rulers described by Samudragupta's court poet, Harishena.
- 4. How does the local time change?
- 5. What is garbhagriha in the temples?
- 6. How is a ward councilor elected?
- 7. Why do people migrate?

## VI. Case based questions-

There is a big organisation called the Municipal Corporation that takes care of street lights, garbage collection, water supply, keeping the streets and the market clean. Cities are usually quite large so the Municipal Corporation has to make a lot of decisions as well as do a lot of work to keep the city clean. The decisions like where a park or a new hospital should go are usually made by the Ward Councillors. The Municipal Corporation is also responsible for ensuring that diseases do not break out in the city. It also runs schools, hospitals and dispensaries. And makes gardens and maintains them. In smaller towns it is called a Municipal Council.

- 1.) What is a municipal corporation?
- 2.) How does the municipal corporation maintain cleanliness?
- 3.) Who decides where to build a new park or hospital?
- 4.) What is the Municipal corporation called in smaller towns?

#### VII. On an outline map of India mark the following:

1. Goa 2. Nalanda 3. National Capital Territory of Delhi 4. The capital of Harsha's empire

Subject Teacher HOD Co-ordinator Principal

