



Class : VI

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Subject : SST(Geography)

L6 – Our Country India

Answer the following-

Q1. Name the major physical divisions of India.

Ans. Major physical divisions of India are -

- i. Mountains-The Himalayas.
- ii. Plains-The Northern Indian Plains.
- iii. Desert-The Great Indian Deserts.
- iv. Plateau-The Peninsular Plateau.
- v. Plains-The Eastern and Western coastal Plains
- vi. Island-The two groups of Islands.

Q2. India shares its land boundaries with seven countries – Name them.

Ans. Pakistan, Nepal, Bhutan, China, Bangladesh, Myanmar and Afghanistan.

Q3. Which two major rivers fall into Arabian Sea?

Ans. The rivers Narmada and Tapi fall into the Arabian Sea.

Q4. Name the delta formed by the Ganga and the Brahmaputra.

Ans. The Sundarban Delta is formed by the Ganga and the Brahmaputra.

Q5. How many States and Union Territories are there in India? Which states have a common capital?

Ans. There are 28 states and 8 Union Territories in India. Punjab and Haryana have a common capital i.e. Chandigarh.

Q6. Why do a large number of people live in the Northern Plains?

Ans. The Northern Plains generally have flat and level land, having enough water and alluvial deposits laid down by the rivers such as the Indus, the Ganga, the Brahmaputra and their tributaries. These rivers plains provide fertile land for cultivation. Hence, a large population prefers to live here.

Q7. Why is Lakshadweep known as a coral island?

Ans. Lakshadweep is called a coral island because it has been formed from corals. Corals are formed from the skeletons of tiny marine animals called polyps.

Tick the correct answer.

(a) The southernmost Himalayas are known as

(i) Shiwaliks

(ii) Himadri

(iii) Himachal.

(b) Sahyadris is also known as

(i) Aravali

(ii) the Western Ghats

(iii) Himadri.

(c) The Palk Strait lies between the countries

(i) Sri Lanka and Maldives

(ii) India and Sri Lanka

(iii) India and Maldives.

(d) The Indian islands in the Arabian sea are known as

(i) Andaman and Nicobar Islands

(ii) Lakshadweep Islands

(iii) the Maldives

(e) The oldest mountain range in India is the

(i) Aravali hills

(ii) the Western Ghats

(iii) Himalayas

3. Fill in the blanks.

1. India has an area of about **3.28 million sq. km**
2. The Greater Himalayas are also known as **Himadri.**
3. The largest state in India in terms of area is **Rajasthan.**
4. The river Narmada falls into the **Arabian Sea.**
5. The latitude that runs almost halfway through India is **The Tropic of Cancer.**

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