



Class notes

Pre Activity-Write some names of prominent freedom fighters during India's struggle for Independence?

New words with meanings:

1. Repeal- to officially make a law invalid
2. Privilege- a special right or advantage
3. Resistance- opposing someone or something
4. Suppress- to stop something forcefully
5. Perpetrate- to do something wrong or commit a crime
6. Violate- to break a rule
7. Flogging- to hit someone with a whip or stick
8. Resolve- determination to find a solution to a problem
9. Assassinated- secretly killed

Answer the following questions:

1. Mahatma Gandhi fought the British in a unique way that won the admiration of the world. What made Mahatma Gandhi's approach so unique?

Ans- Mahatma Gandhi used non-violence to fight or protest against any law. This made him unique worldwide.

2. Why was the Salt tax a very unjust and cruel tax?

Ans- Salt was made in India and it was unjust for the Indians to pay tax for their own salt.

3. When was Mahatma Gandhi assassinated?

Ans- Mahatma Gandhi was assassinated on January 30, 1948.

4. What was the practice of 'Satyagraha' that Mahatma Gandhi believed in and practised?

Ans- Satyagraha was the practice of seeking political or social change through non-violent resistance.

5. How did Mahatma Gandhi respond even when the British hurt him and his followers and tried to kill their spirit?

Ans- Even when the British hurt him and his followers and tried to kill their spirit, Mahatma Gandhi stayed true, peaceful and nonviolent.

6. In the story, Mahatma Gandhi says, “We march for our children, so that one day, they will not have to”. What does this mean?

Ans- This means if he did not protect the Salt Tax, the British would force unwanted taxes and the children would also face this condition in the future. His protest will safeguard the future of coming generations.

Reference to context:

“We will stand up and show them the strength of Satyagraha”

a. Who is the speaker of the above line?

Ans- Mahatma Gandhi is the speaker of the above line.

b. Why did Gandhi decide to follow the path of Satyagraha??

Ans- Gandhi wanted the British Government to repeal a tax on salt, but they refused to do so. So after the deadline, Mahatma Gandhi decided to protest against this tax by following the path of Satyagraha.

c. What did he do?

Ans- Mahatma Gandhi and 78 followers began their 386 KM march to Dandi in order to break the Salt law. He decided to not pay the British tax on salt.

Post Activity:

What made Mahatma Gandhi a popular leader? Make a list of some qualities of Mahatma Gandhi.

Subject Teacher

HOD

Coordinator

Principal