

SNBP International & Senior Secondary School, Chikhali, Pune.



Affiliation No. 1130703 Academic session 2023

Class notes – 4

NAME:

CLASS: V

Prepared By: Poonam Waghela

DATE:

SUBJECT: Maths

LESSON- 4 Perimeter, Area and Volume

Pre activity: - let's get started from T.B of ch.4

Exercise 4A

- 1. Find the perimeter of the following figures.
 - **Solution:**
 - a. Perimeter of hexagon = Sum of all the sides = 4 + 4 + 6 + 4 + 4 + 6 = 28 cm
 - b. Perimeter of triangle = Sum of all the sides = 5 + 6 + 7 = 18 cm
- 2. Find the perimeter of the squares whose sides are given below.

Solution:

a. 7.2 cm

Perimeter of square = $4 \times \text{sides} = 4 \times 7.2 = 28.8 \text{ cm}$

b. 4 cm

Perimeter of square = $4 \times \text{sides} = 4 \times 4 = 16 \text{ cm}$

Find the side of the squares with perimeters as given below.

Solution:

a. 68 cm

Side of square =
$$\frac{\text{Perimeter of square}}{4}$$

Side of square =
$$\frac{68}{4}$$
 = 17

b. 84 cm

Side of square =
$$\frac{\text{Perimeter of square}}{4}$$
Side of square =
$$\frac{84}{4} = 21$$

4. Find the perimeter of rectangles with the following measurements.

Solution:

- a. Length = 7 cm; Breadth = 3 cm Perimeter of rectangle = 2 (L + B) = 2 (7 + 3)= $2 \times 10 = 20$ cm
- b. Length = 5.5 cm; Breadth = 2.5 cm Perimeter of rectangle = 2 (L + B) = 2 (5.5 + 2.5)= $2 \times 8 = 16$ cm
- 5. Find the length of the rectangles whose perimeters and breadths are given below.

Solution:

a. Perimeter = 14 cm; Breadth = 2 cm

Length =
$$\frac{\text{Perimeter} - (\text{Sum of the breadths})}{2}$$

$$= \frac{14 - (2 + 2)}{2}$$

$$= \frac{14 - 4}{2}$$

$$= \frac{10}{2} = 5$$
Length = 5 cm

Length =
$$\frac{\text{Perimeter} - (\text{Sum of the breadths})}{2}$$

$$= \frac{26 - (4 + 4)}{2}$$

$$= \frac{26 - 8}{2}$$

$$= \frac{18}{2} = 9$$
Length = 9 cm

6. Find the breadth of the rectangles whose perimeters and lengths are given below.

Solution

Breadth =
$$\frac{\text{Perimeter} - (\text{Sum of the length})}{2}$$
$$= \frac{26 - (8 + 8)}{2}$$

$$=\frac{26-16}{2}=\frac{10}{2}=5$$

Length = 5 cm

Breadth =
$$\frac{\text{Perimeter} - (\text{Sum of the length})}{2}$$
$$= \frac{26 - (10 + 10)}{2}$$
$$= \frac{28 - 20}{2}$$
$$= \frac{8}{2} = 4$$

Length = 4 cm

7. A rectangular garden has a perimeter of 88 m. If the length of the garden is 30 m, what is the breadth of the garden?

Solution:

Length of the garden = 30 m

Perimeter of the garden = 88 m

Breadth of the garden =?

Breadth =
$$\frac{\text{Perimeter} - (\text{Sum of the length})}{2}$$
$$= \frac{88 - (30 + 30)}{2}$$
$$= \frac{88 - 60}{2}$$
$$= \frac{28}{2} = 14$$

The breadth of the garden is 14 m

8. The boundary of a square garden measures 96 cm. Find each side of the garden.

Solution:

Perimeter of the square garden = 96 cm

Side of square =
$$\frac{\text{Perimeter of square}}{4}$$

Side of square =
$$\frac{96}{4}$$
 = 24

The side if the garden is 24 cm

Exercise 4B

1. Find the area of the squares whose sides measure the following.

Solution:

a. 5 cm

Area of square = side \times side = $5 \times 5 = 25$ sq.cm

b. 8.2 cm

Area of square = side
$$\times$$
 side = 8.2×8.2
= 67.24 sq.cm

Area of square = side
$$\times$$
 side = 4.7×4.7
= 22.09 sq.cm

Area of square = side
$$\times$$
 side = 9.3×9.3
= 86.49 sq.cm

Find the area of the rectangles with the following measurements.

Solution:

Area of rectangle =
$$L \times B = 5.5 \times 3 = 16.5$$
 sq.cr

Area of rectangle =
$$L \times B = 8.1 \times 2.5$$

= 20.25 sq.cm

3. Find the length of rectangles whose areas and breadths are as follows.

Solution:

a. Area =
$$60 \text{ sq. cm}$$
; Breadth = 5 cm

Length =
$$\frac{\text{Area}}{\text{Breadth}}$$

= $\frac{60}{5}$ = 12 cm

b. Area =
$$94.3$$
 sq. cm; Breadth = 8.2 cm

Length =
$$\frac{\text{Area}}{\text{Breadth}}$$

= $\frac{94.3}{8.2}$ = 11.5 cm

4. Find the breadth of rectangles whose areas and lengths are as follows.

Solution:

a. Area = 40 sq. cm; Length = 8 cm

Breadth =
$$\frac{\text{Area}}{\text{Length}}$$

= $\frac{40}{8}$ = 5 cm

b. Area = 112.5 sq. cm; Length = 12.5 cm

Breadth =
$$\frac{\text{Area}}{\text{Length}}$$

= $\frac{112.5}{12.5}$ = 9 cm

5. What is the area of a piece of land with length 250 m and breadth 200 m?

Solution:

Length of the land = 250 m Breadth of the land = 200 m

Area of the land = $L \times B = 250 \times 200 = 50000$ sq. m The area of the land is 50,000 sq. m

6. Find the difference between the area of a square with side 12 cm and area of rectangle with length 9 cm and breadth 5 cm.

Solution:

Area of the square = side \times side = $12 \times 12 = 144$ sq. cm

Area of the rectangle = $L \times B = 9 \times 5 = 45$ sq. cm

The difference between the area of square and rectangle = 144 - 45 = 99 sq. cm

7. What is the area of a square tabletop with side 8 m?

= 64 sq. m

The area of square tabletop = side
$$\times$$
 side = 8×8

The area of square tabletop is 64 sq. m

8. Find the area of the given triangles. The side of each small square is 1 unit.

Solution:

- a. Area of the triangle = $\frac{1}{2} \times \text{length} \times \text{breadth}$ = $\frac{1}{2} \times 5 \times 5 = \frac{25}{2} = 12.5 \text{ sq.unit}$
- b. Area of the triangle = $\frac{1}{2} \times \text{length } x \text{ breadth}$ = $\frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times 3 = \frac{18}{2} = 9 \text{ sq.unit}$

- c. Area of the triangle = $\frac{1}{2} \times \text{length} \times \text{breadth}$ = $\frac{1}{2} \times 7 \times 5 = \frac{1}{2} = 17.5 \text{ sq.unit}$
- 9. Find the area of a triangle with the following lengths and breadths.

Solution:

a. Length, 8 cm; Breadth 6 cm

Area of the triangle = $\frac{1}{2} \times \text{length} \times \text{breadth}$ = $\frac{1}{2} \times 8 \times 6 = \frac{48}{2} = 24 \text{ sq. cm}$

b. Length 11 cm; Breadth 8 cm

Area of the triangle = $\frac{1}{2} \times \text{length} \times \text{breadth} = \frac{1}{2} \times 11 \times 8 = \frac{88}{2} 44 \text{ sq. cm}$

2 2

 Given that the volume of each small cube is 1 cu. cm. Find the volume of the solids by counting the number of cubes.

Solution:

Exercise 4C

a. Volume of 1 cube = 1 cu. cm

Number of cubes = 6

Total volume = $6 \times 1 = 6$ cu. cm

b. Volume of 1 cube = 1 cu. cm

Number of cubes = 11

Total volume = $11 \times 1 = 11$ cu. cm

2. Find the volume of the following solids.

Solution:

- a. Volume of the cube = side \times side \times side = $5 \times 5 \times 5 = 125$ cu.cm
- b. Volume of the cuboid = $1 \times b \times h$ = $12 \times 2 \times 6 = 144$ cu. cm
- 3. Find the volume of a cuboid with the following measurements.

Solution:

Length = 4.5 cm, Breadth = 2 m / 200 cm, Height = 50 cm

Volume of the cuboid = $1 \times b \times h = 4.5 \times 200 \times 50$ = 45,000 cu.cm

4. Find the volume of the cubes whose sides are of the following lengths.

Solution:

a. 3.5 cm

Volume of the cube = side \times side \times side = 3.5 \times 3.5 \times 3.5 = 42.875 cu.cm

b. Volume of 1 cube = 1 cu. cm

Number of cubes = 11

Total volume = $11 \times 1 = 11$ cu. cm

2. Find the volume of the following solids.

Solution:

- a. Volume of the cube = side \times side \times side = $5 \times 5 \times 5 = 125$ cu.cm
- b. Volume of the cuboid = $1 \times b \times h$ = $12 \times 2 \times 6 = 144$ cu. cm
- Find the volume of a cuboid with the following measurements.

Solution:

Length = 4.5 cm, Breadth = 2 m / 200 cm, Height = 50 cm

Volume of the cuboid = $1 \times b \times h = 4.5 \times 200 \times 50$ = 45.000 cu.cm

4. Find the volume of the cubes whose sides are of the following lengths.

Solution:

a. 3.5 cm

Volume of the cube = side \times side \times side = 3.5 \times 3.5 \times 3.5 = 42.875 cu.cm

b. 5 cm

Volume of the cube = side \times side \times side = $5 \times 5 \times 5 = 125$ cu.cm

5. Find the volume (in cubic metres) of a cuboid whose length is 150 cm, breadth is 100 cm and height is 180 cm.

Solution:

Length = 150 cm = 1.5 m

Breadth = 100 cm = 1 m

Height = 180 cm = 1.8 m

Volume of cuboid = $L \times B \times H = 1.5 \times 1 \times 1.8$ = 2.7 cu.m 6. Find the volume (in cubic centimetres) of a cube whose each side is 2.5 m.

Solution:

Side = 2.5 m = 250 cmVolume = $\text{side} \times \text{side} \times \text{side}$ = $250 \times 250 \times 250$ = 1,56,25,000 cu. cm

Exercise 4D

1. A piece of land is 600 m long and 400 m wide. How much wire will be needed to put around this land?

Solution:

Length of the land = 600 m Breadth of the land = 400 m

Perimeter of the land = 2 (L + B) = 2 (600 + 400)= $2 \times 1000 = 2000 \text{ m}$

2000 m wire need to put around the land.

2. Raghav walks around a square park every evening. He covers 600 m in one complete round of the park. What is the measure of each side of the park? How much distance will he cover in 3 rounds?

Solution:

If Raghav covers 600 m in one round of park Hence, perimeter of the square park = 600 m Perimeter of square = $4 \times$ side Side of the square

$$= \frac{\text{Perimeter of square}}{4} = \frac{600}{4} = 150 \text{ m}$$

Distance covered by Raghav in one round of park = 600 m

Distance covered by Raghav in 3 rounds of park $= 600 \text{ m} \times 3 = 1800 \text{ m}$.

3. The side of a square-shaped bed is 200 cm. Meg wants to place a carpet along boundary of the bed. What will be the length of the carpet needed?

Solution:

Perimeter of square-shaped bed = 4×200 cm = 800 cm Hence, 800 cm of carpet is required to place along the boundary of the bed.

4. A floor 40 m by 15 m is to be covered with tiles. What is the area of the tiles required?

Solution:

Area of the tiles = Length \times Breadth = $40 \times 15 = 600$ sq.m

The area of the tiles required is 600 sq.m

5. A tabletop, 5.5 m by 2 m should be painted. What is the area that must be painted?

Solution:

Area of the tabletop = Length
$$\times$$
 Breadth = $5.5 \times 2 = 11$ sq.m

Hence, the area must be painted is 11 sq.m

6. A tank has a length of 8 m, breadth of 6 m and depth of 7 m. What is the volume of water that can be stored in it?

Solution:

The volume of the cuboid = Length
$$\times$$
 Breadth \times Height = $8 \times 6 \times 7 = 336$ cu.m

336 cu.m of water can be stored in the tank.

7. Which one has a larger volume - a cuboid with length 1.5 m, breadth 0.8 m and height 0.2 m or a cube of length 0.5 m?

Solution:

The volume of the cuboid = Length
$$\times$$
 Breadth \times Height = $1.5 \times 0.8 \times 0.2 = 0.24$ cu.m

The volume of the cube = side
$$\times$$
 side \times side = $0.5 \times 0.5 \times 0.5 = 0.125$ cu.m

Volume of cuboid is larger than cube.

Post Activity: - write key concept from T.B of ch.4

Subject Teacher

HOD

Coordinator

principal