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L-40 (PT=4)

Money

* Points to remember =

1. Symbol for Rupees = ₹

2. Symbol for Paise = P

3. ₹100 = 100 P

4. ₹1 = ₹ 1
1000

* Abstract stage: (Page no 160)

$$3 \times ₹100 = ₹300$$

$$5 \times ₹50 = ₹250$$

$$20 \times ₹1 = ₹20$$

$$₹570$$

Q2. 6 notes of ₹ 10 = 6×10
 $= 60$

6 coins of ₹ 5 = $6 \times 5 = ₹ 30$
 $= ₹ 60 + ₹ 30 = ₹ 90$

~~Ans - No, she did not carry enough money because she brought only ₹ 90 & the amount for picnic is ₹ 100.~~

Q3. Convert the following :-

i) We know that $₹ 1 = 100 p$

ii) $₹ 41.90 = 4190 p$
 $41.90 \times 100 p = 419000 p$
 ~~$= 4190$ paise~~

iii) $₹ 886.85 = 88685 p$
 $₹ 386.85 \times 100 = 3868500 p$
 ~~$= 38685 p$~~

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~~H.W.~~

c) $125 p = ₹ 1.25$

$$= 125p = ₹ \frac{125}{100} = ₹ 1.25$$

because
for picnic

d) $1000 p = ₹ 10$

$$= 1000p = ₹ \frac{1000}{100} = ₹ 10.00 = ₹ 10$$



Abstract stage :- (Page no 162)

i. Solution :- The cost of Pataky = ₹ 225.50

Money box contain only = ₹ 190.50

More money Dev requires or save to buy toy
= 225.50

- ₹ 190.50

$$= ₹ 225.50 - ₹ 190.50$$

No he has no enough money

$$= ₹ 190.50 - ₹ 190.50$$

He has to require more
₹ 35.00

$$= ₹ 35.00$$

2. Solution :- cost of geometry box = ₹ 45.25

The cost of pen = ₹ 24.25

Sarika has total money = ₹ 80 note of ₹ 10
cost of pen & geometry box = ₹ 45.25

₹ 24.25

₹ 69.50

Ans - After buying both item from shopkeeper, money left with her = ₹ 80 - ₹ 69.50

₹

= ₹ 80.00

- ₹ 69.50

10.50

Ans - She should give 7 notes of ₹ 10 & ₹ 10.50 will be left with her.



Blomming Question :-

1. Convert to amount to paise :-

1. ₹

a) ₹ 5.35

We know ₹ 1 = 100p

$$\begin{aligned}\cancel{\text{₹ } 5.35} &= 5.35 \times 100p \\ &= 535.00p\end{aligned}$$

H.W.

b) ₹ 78.12

We know ₹ 1 = 100p

$$\begin{aligned}\cancel{\text{₹ } 78.12} &= 78.12 \times 100p \\ &= 7812.00p\end{aligned}$$

c) ₹ 90.95

We know ₹ 1 = 100p

$$\begin{aligned}\cancel{\text{₹ } 90.95} &= 90.95 \times 100p \\ &= 9095.00p\end{aligned}$$

d) ₹ 101.05

We know ₹ 1 = 100p

$$\begin{aligned}\cancel{\text{₹ } 101.05} &= 101.05 \times 100p \\ &= 10105.00p\end{aligned}$$

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Q3. Convert the paise into rupees.

1. 1075 p

$$= \frac{10.75}{100}$$

$$= ₹10.75$$

2. 3099 p

$$= \frac{30.99}{100}$$

$$= ₹30.99$$

3. 1054 p

$$\checkmark = \frac{10.54}{100}$$

$$= ₹ 10.54$$

4. $\text{₹} 11.50 \text{ p}$

$$= \frac{\text{₹} 11.50}{100}$$

$$= \text{₹} 11.50$$

4. Solution :- price of 2 soap = ₹ 18.65×2

$$= \frac{00}{18} \cdot \frac{0}{65}$$

~~Ans - So, the cost of 2 soap \times 2
= ₹ 37.30.~~

5. Solution :- Cost of 2 toys = ₹ 220×2

$$= ₹ 440$$

Money she will get back

=	₹	P
④	10	
-	500	00
440		00
060		00

10/11

Ans - So, she got return ₹ 60.00

* Post-Activity :-

Convert the following -

1. 2075 p to ₹

= ₹ 1 = 100p

So, 1p = ₹ $\frac{1}{100}$

= $2075p = ₹ \frac{2075}{100} = ₹ 20.75$.

2. 3054 p to ₹

= $3054p = ₹ \frac{3054}{100} = ₹ 30.54$

3. 81130p = p to ₹

$$= 81130P = ₹ \frac{81130}{100} = ₹ 811.30$$

4. 3098 p + ₹

$$= 3098 P = ₹ \frac{3098}{100} = ₹ 30.98$$

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Worksheet

Q1. Convert amount in paise :-

1. ₹ 58.06

$$= \text{We know } ₹1 = 100p$$

$$₹ 58.06 = 5806 \times 100p$$

$$= 580600p = 5806 p$$

2. ₹ 78.99

$$= ₹78.99 = 78,99 \times 100p$$

$$= 7899.00p$$

$$= 7899 \text{ paise}$$

3. ₹ 509.23

$$= ₹509.23 = 509.23 \times 100p$$

$$= 50923.00p$$

$$= 50923 \text{ paise}$$

4. ₹ 99.09

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= ₹ 99.09 = 99.09 \times 100p \\
 &\quad = 9909.00p \\
 &\quad \swarrow 9909p
 \end{aligned}$$

Q2. Convert into rupees

a. 3456 p

$$= 1p = \frac{1}{100}$$

$$= 3456 p = \frac{3456}{100} = ₹ 34.56$$

14.14

b. 1093 p

$$= 1p = \frac{1}{100}$$

$$= 1093 p = \frac{1093}{100} = ₹ 10.93$$