

SNBP SECONDARY AND SENIOR SECONDARY SCHOOL, CHIKHALI, PUNE



Affiliation No. 1130703 ACADEMIC SESSION 2022-23 CLASS NOTES LESSON 15- LIGHT

Prepared by: Preeti.S.K Class: VII

Subject: Science DATE:19/12/22

KEY WORDS: 1. Concave 2.Concave mirror 3. Magnified image 4. Erect image 5.Prism 6. Virtual images 7. Side mirror 8. Spherical morror 9. Real image 10. Convex lens

PRE ACTIVITY: Draw a diagram showing Light travels along a straight line.

VERY SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS:

Q1. Find out the letters of English alphabet or any other language known to you in which the image formed in a plane mirror appears exactly like the letter itself. Discuss your findings. Ans: A, H, I, M, O, T, U, V, W and X are the letters which form same image as the letter is. These letters are laterally symmetrical.

Q2. What is a virtual image? Give one situation where a virtual image is formed.

Ans: The image, which cannot be obtained on a screen, is called virtual image. The images formed by plane mirror, convex mirror and concave lens are virtual.

Q3. Give one use each of a concave and a convex mirror.

Ans: * Concave mirror is used by dentist, solar furnace, reflector of a torch, etc.

• *Convex mirror* is used in rear view mirrors.

Q4. Which type of mirror can form a real image?

Ans: Concave mirror.

Q5. Which type of lens forms always a virtual image?

Ans: Concave lens

O6. What is Real image?

Ans: An image which can be obtained on a screen is called a real image.

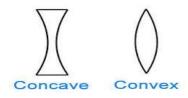
SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS:

Q1. State the characteristics of the image formed by a plane mirror.

Ans: Characteristics of the image formed by a plane mirror:

- 1. Virtual and erect
- 2. Behind the mirror
- 3. Size of image is equal to size of object
- 4. Laterally inverted image (image of left side visible on right side).
- 5. Distance of image behind the mirror is equal to distance of object in front of mirror

O2. Draw a concave len and a Convex lens



Q2. State two differences between a convex and a concave lens.

Ans:

11119	
Convex lens	Concave lens
A convex lens can make images which are enlarged or smaller or equal to the size of the object.	1. concave lens can always make smaller image.
A convex lens makes both real image and virtual images	2.A concave lens always makes a virtual image.

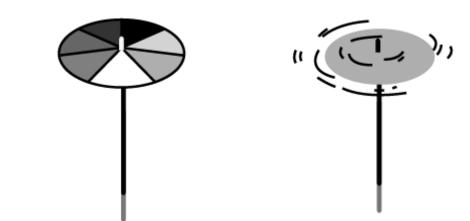
LONG ANSWER QUESTIONS:

Q1. What is meant by dispersion of light/b. With the help of diagram, show the dispersion of white light of a prism. c. Name the natural phenomenon which is caused by the dispersion of light.

Ans: * a. The phenomenon of splitting of white light into its component colours on passing through a transparent medium like glass prism is called dispersion of light.

- b. A glass prism splits the white light into seven colours.
- c.Rainbow formation after the rain is a natural phenomenon which is caused by the dispersion of light.

Q2. Prepare a Newton's disc and write a note on Newton's disc.



Ans: (a) A disc with seven colours (b) It appears white on rotating

POST ACTIVITY: Draw diagrams related to Virtual image formed by the convex lens and An image formed by a concave lens. Refer page no 185 Fig 15.26, 15.27

SUBJECT TEACHER

HOD

COORDINATOR

PRINCIPAL