



**SNBP International & Senior Secondary School, Chikhali, Pune.**

**Affiliation No. 1130703**

**Academic session 2024-25**

**REVISION WORKSHEET**

**(PT 4 – TERM 2)**

**STD:IV**

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**SUBJECT: SST**

**L.8 TO 13**

**QI. Source based question**

On 15<sup>th</sup> August 1947, India got independence from British rule. India is now not ruled by any ruler but is a democratic country. Democracy means that people can elect the representatives to run the government. To govern the country there is a need to frame rules and regulations called laws. These laws are documented in the constitution of India. The constitution assembly drafted the constitution of India under the chairmanship of Dr. B.R Ambedkar. The constitution of India came to force on 26<sup>th</sup> January 1950. We celebrate this day as the Republic Day.

1. When was Indian constitution adopted?
2. Under whose chairmanship was the Indian constitution adopted?
3. Which is the largest constitution in the world?
4. Which of the following does not apply to India today.  
a. Democracy                      b. Socialism                      c. Monarchy

**QII. Case based question**



1. Identify the picture?
2. Name some states in India where this crop is grown.
3. What products can be made from these seeds?
4. Is it a cash crop or a food crop?

**QIII. Multiple choice question**

1. The Bharatpur Bird Sanctuary is situated in \_\_\_\_\_ state.  
a. Gujarat              b. Uttarakhand              c. Tamil Nadu              d. Rajasthan
2. The small area of forests is cleared and cultivated for a short period of time is known as \_\_\_\_\_ agriculture.  
a. Mixed              b. shifting              c. subsistence              d. commercial
3. \_\_\_\_\_ was a firm believer of the Upanishadas.  
a. Vinoba Bhave              b. Baba Amate  
c. Savitribai Phule              d. Raha Ram Mohan Roy

4. Secularism means \_\_\_\_\_  
 a. Rule by the people                      b. All religions are treated equal  
 c. It is free country                        d. same educational right
  
5. \_\_\_\_\_ government responsible for looking about governance in a village or a town .  
 a. central                      b. state                      c. union                      d. local
  
6. Teacher mostly work in \_\_\_\_\_ place  
 a. School                      b. Hospital                      c. post office                      d. Police station
  
7. \_\_\_\_\_ number is commonly used to call the fire brigade in India.  
 a. 106                      b. 101                      c. 100                      d. 123
  
8. The panch are the member of \_\_\_\_\_  
 a. Municipal Committee                      b. Gram Panchayat  
 c. Municipal Corporation                      d. national committee.

**QIV. Fill in the blanks**

1. The practice of poultry farming, fish farming and cattle rearing are the examples of \_\_\_\_\_
2. Firefighters wear \_\_\_\_\_ for protection
3. Groundnuts ,mustard and soya bean are an example of \_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_

**QV. Match the following**

- |                           |                             |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1. Fire station           | a. Shifting agriculture     |
| 2. Jhum cultivation       | b. Dial 101                 |
| 3. 15 <sup>th</sup> Agust | c. Swami Dayanand Saraswati |
| 4. Satyarth Prakash       | d. Independence day         |

**QVI. Write True or False**

1. The Chipko Movement was started under Jyotiba Phule
2. Firefighter usually work in the school
3. Deciduous forests are also called as the monsoon forests.

**QVII Short answer questions**

1. Write a short note on any one cash crop.
2. What is deforestation?
3. Who was a founder of Arya Samaj ?

**QVIII Long answer questions**

1. Why is the fire brigade important?
2. Explain any 4 fundamental rights listed in the Indian constitution
3. What do you mean by the Panchayat Raj System?

**QVIII Map based question**

On the outline map of India locate and label the following.

1. Two states where jute is grown
2. Two states where wheat is grown

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