



CLASS: III

Prepared by: MS.Savita Pagare

SUBJECT: SST

L- 6: Occupation of India

A.PRE ACTIVITY : Write the names of following industries.

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3



B.KEYWORDS:

- | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. Occupation | 12. ripens |
| 2. agriculture | 13. spinning |
| 3. domestic | 14. yarn |
| 4. plantation | 15. weavers |
| 5. poultry | 16. Artisans |
| 6. orchard | 17. Madhubani paintings |
| 7. industries | 18. Marble inlay work |
| 8. manufactured goods | 19. juttis |
| 9. restaurants | 20. Embroidered cloth |
| 10. chickpea | |
| 11. cultivate | |

C. Fill in the blanks:

1. **Weavers** turn thread in to cloth.
2. When the wheat crops ripen, the farmers **harvest** them.
3. Banking is a **service** job.
4. **Flour** is the product manufactured from wheat.

D. Write true or false.

- 1 The cultivation of crops like coffee cannot be regarded as agriculture. **False**
2. Raw materials from agriculture are used by industries. **True**
3. Banks are a part of the industrial sector. **False**
4. Cultivated wheat is sold by farmers directly in the market. **False**
5. The arts and crafts of India are well known around the world. **True**

F. Answer the following

1. What are the raw materials?

Ans. Raw materials are basic materials from which a product is made. Food, crops, cotton, tea, coffee, jute etc. That is grown by farmers along with the milk, eggs, meat that is obtained from animals are called raw materials.

2. What are manufactured goods?

Ans. Once the raw materials have been processed in the industries then the output is known as manufactured goods.

3. What is harvesting?

Ans. When the crop ripens, the farmers cut and gather it. This is known as harvesting.

4. Name two arts and crafts that India is famous for?

Ans. India is famous for embroidered cloth and Madhubani paintings.

Ans. 5. Describe how wheat flour reaches us.

Ans. Farmers sow seed and cultivate the wheat crop. Once it ripens, it is harvested and sent to flour mills. Here it is ground with the help of machines into flour. The wheat flour is packed and sent to the markets from where we buy it and use it to make chapattis at home.

6. How is a kurta made from cotton?

Ans. Farmers grow cotton plants and then pluck the cotton balls from the plant. These are sent to the factories where it is first spun into thread by spinners and then that thread is woven into a cloth by weavers. When the cloth is ready the tailor stitches it into a kurta for us.

F. POST ACTIVITY

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TEACHER

HOD

COORDINATOR

PRINCIPAL

TEACHER

HOD

COORDINATOR

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