

SNBP International & Senior Secondary School, Chikhali, Pune.





Academic session 2024-25

NOTES

CLASS: IV SUBJECT: SST

Prepared By: Ms. Savita Pagar L.10:Indian Legends

• **Pre activity:** stick the photos of your favorites Indian legends and write their name.

• **Key words:** Legend, reformer, afford, access, exploited, Polytheism, infanticide, polygamy, Upanishad, Widow, dowry, polygamy, oppressed cast.

A.Fill in the blanks:

- 1.Brahmo Samaj was established by Raja Ram Mohan Roy.
- 2. Swami Dayanand Saraswati was firm believer of the Vedas.
- 3. **Jyoti Rao Phule** was well versed with Hindu scriptures.
- 4. Baba Amte worked for people suffering from **leprosy.**

B. Write T for True or F for False against each statement.

- 1. In the past, girls education was considered to be very important .False
- 2. Western education system was introduced during the British rule. **True**
- 3. The satyashodhak Samaj was founded in 1875. False
- 4. Vinoba Bhave spread the message of non violence. **True**

C. Short answer questions.

1. What were the main principles of Arya Samaj?

Ans. Arya Samaj was a firm supporter of western education and woman education. This samaj did not support idol worship, polytheism, untouchability and child marriage.

2. How did Ishwer Chandra Vidysagar contribute to the society?

Ans. Ishwar Chandra Vidyasagar believed in the upliftment of the status of Indian women. He also introduced the practice of widow remarriage.

D.Long answer questions:

1.Briefly describe the social evils of the past.

Ans. 1) It was a time when Girls were not allowed to do many things which boys were allowed to.

2) People were ill-treated on the basis of their social background, their birth in a particular family, occupation etc. For ex. 'Sati, child marriage, dowry and female infanticide.

2. Give a detailed account of the opinion of and the work done by Raja Ram Mohan Roy.

Ans. 1)Raja Ram Mohan Roy mainly campaigned against the oppression of women. He held a movement to abolish the sati system. Due to his efforts, the practice of sati was banned in 1829.

- 2)He was against various systems like dowry, child marriage, idol worship and polytheism.
- 3)He approved and promoted various social activities for the upliftment of women. Among these were widow remarriage, women's education and the right to inherit property by women.

3. What were the social evils against which Jyoti Rao Phule worked?

Ans. 1) Jyoti Rao Phule fought against the system which discriminated and oppressed the lower castes. He firmly believed ill-practices in the Indian society like female infanticide, dowry, child marriage and polygamy.

2) For him, women education and widow remarriage held a lot of importance. He challenged several myths and legends that denied equality to the people of the oppressed and lower castes

Post activity: Write some famous thoughts of Swami Vivekanand.

SUBJECT TEACHER HOD CO-ORDINATOR PRINCIPAL