



GRADE - VI

SUBJECT : SST (HISTORY)

Prepared by: Ms.Avinash Kaur

L .No. 8 Topic : VILLAGES TOWN AND TRADE

I. Fill in the blanks:-

1. The post of gramhrojaka was
2. There were independent farmers also who were known as
3. The famous Kushana ruler organized a Buddhist council.
4. The older form of Buddhism was known as
5. The associations of craftspersons and merchants were known as
6. Stamped red-glazed pottery was known asware.

II. State whether these sentences are true (T) or false (F).

1. The plough share was used to increase agricultural production.
2. Most of the grihapatis were large landowners.
3. Pepper, a very important spice grown in South India was known as black gold in the Roman Empire.
4. Muvendar is a Bengali word meaning three chiefs.

III. Multiple choice questions:-

(i) Puhar was an important port on the _____.

- (a) West coast (b) East coast (c) Malabar coast (d) None of the above.

(ii) The most fertile river valley was _____.

- (a) Kaveri (b) the Yamuna (c) Ganga (d) None of the above.

(iii) The capital of the Pandyas was _____.

- (a) Madurai (b) Mudumalai (c) Patliputra (d) Ujjain.

(iv)The Satavahanas became an important dynasty in _____.

- (a) Northern India (b) Eastern India (c) Southern India (d) Western India

III. Match the items in column A correctly with those given in column B.

Column A

- (i) Large landowners
- (ii) Ordinary ploughmen
- (iii) Landless labourers
- (iv) Village headman
- (v) Men and women who did not own land
- (vi) Tall double-handed jars that contained liquids

Column B

- (a) Gram bhojaka
- (b) Dasa Karmakara
- (c) Vellalar
- (d) Small tanks
- (e) Kadaisiyar and adimai.
- (f) Uzhavar
- (g) Amphorae

IV. ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS:

1. What did irrigation works include?
2. Mention the functions that were performed by the grama bhojaka?
3. What was South India famous for?
4. What were ring wells?
5. Name the three ruling families of south India
6. What was Silk Route?